

# Package: rangemodelR (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Depends** R (>= 3.5)

**Title** Mid-Domain Effect and Species Richness

**Version** 1.0.6

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**Description** Used for generating randomized community matrices under strict range cohesion. The package can handle data where species occurrence are recorded across sites ordered along gradients such as elevation and latitude, as well as species occurrences recorded on spatial grids with known geographic coordinates.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Imports** sf, spdep

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**Config/pak/sysreqs** libabsl-dev cmake libgdal-dev gdal-bin libgeos-dev libssl-dev libproj-dev libsqlite3-dev libudunits2-dev

**Repository** <https://aniruddhamarathe.r-universe.dev>

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**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/cran/rangemodelR>

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random.range                    *random.range - supporting function for other rangemod1d functions*

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### **Description**

It is used within other functions in this package to randomly place given number of species occurrences

### **Usage**

```
random.range(uid, nb, range.size, var, first)
```

### **Arguments**

uid	a vector of unique ids for selection
nb	a neighbour object similar to generated from 'shp2nb'
range.size	a vector of number of sites occupied by each species
var	an optional vector of variables for constraining the randomization
first	If true, var is used while choosing the first occurrence as well. if var is null, first is always set FALSE

### **Details**

this function is not intended for any direct use but is called within other functions of this package.

### **Value**

a numeric vector specifying selected positions in 'uid'

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rangemod1d                    *Range Cohesion Model for Ordered (and Non-spatial) Data*

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### **Description**

The function takes observed site by species matrix and returns expected species richness values of each site

**Usage**

```

rangemod1d(
  smmat,
  var = NULL,
  cohesion = T,
  first = FALSE,
  degen = FALSE,
  rsize = c("observed", "unif"),
  reps
)

```

**Arguments**

smmat	a site by species matrix or data frame with species in columns
var	an optional vector containing explanatory variable for constraining the randomization. It should be NULL when absent
cohesion	If true, species distributions are without gaps i.e. result is range cohesion, otherwise it is range scatter
first	If TRUE, 'var' is used while choosing the first occurrence as well. if 'var' is null, first is always set 'FALSE'
degen	If true, each randomized site by species matrix is saved and provided in output
rsize	which range sizes to use for simulation, can be an integer vector of same length as number of species(columns) or either 'observed' or 'unif'. See details for explanations
reps	number of replicates

**Details**

Implements simulations used by Rahbeck et.al (2007) to data which are only in form of a site by species matrix and without any spatial information. A list similar to an nb object of spdep can be prepared according to order in which the rows (sites) are arranged. A manually prepared list of neighbors for each site can also be used. It is important that each site must have at least one neighbor. 'rsize' provides a vector of range sizes. It can be 'unif' - ranges are drawn from a uniform distribution, between 1 to number of sites or 'observed' - range size of each species is exactly the same as in the observed matrix. Alternatively it can also be a user specified integer vector, of same length as number of species.

**Value**

If degen is FALSE, a data frame with four columns for mean, SD and confidence intervals of expected richness

"**mod.rich**" mean richness of each site

"**mod.sd**" standard deviation of species richness

"**q2.5**" lower limit of the confidence interval

"**q97.5**" upper limit of the confidence interval

If degen is TRUE, then a list containing above data frame and a list of all the randomized matrices

**References**

Rahbek, C., Gotelli, N., Colwell, R., Entsminger, G., Rangel, T. & Graves, G. (2007) Predicting continental-scale patterns of bird species richness with spatially explicit models. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, 274, 165.

Gotelli, N.J., Anderson, M.J., Arita, H.T., Chao, A., Colwell, R.K., Connolly, S.R., Currie, D.J., Dunn, R.R., Graves, G.R. & Green, J.L. (2009) Patterns and causes of species richness: a general simulation model for macroecology. *Ecology Letters*, 12, 873-886.

**Examples**

```
tempmat <- matrix(0,nrow=10,ncol=200,dimnames=list(letters[1:10],1:200))
tempmat <- as.matrix(apply(tempmat,2,function(x){rbinom(nrow(tempmat),1,
               runif(1,0.1,1))}))
rownames(tempmat) <- letters[1:10]
temp <- rangemod1d(tempmat,cohesion = TRUE,var = NULL,rsiz = "observed",reps = 5)
plot(temp[,1],ylim= c(min(temp[,1] -2),max(temp[,1]+2)),pch = 16,ylab = 'Species Richness')
segments(1:10,y0=temp[,1]-temp[,2],y1= temp[,1]+temp[,2])
```

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